

Higher-rank skein algebras and quantum cluster algebras (高階スケイン代数と量子クラスター代数)

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§1 Introduction

- My research interest "quantum topology"

$$\text{quantum invariants: } J_{g,V} : \text{knots} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}_q = \mathbb{Z}[[q^{\pm 1}]]$$

\nwarrow rep of g

e.g. $g = sl_2$, $V = V_1 = \mathbb{C}^2$. 2-dim irrep. of $U_q(sl_2)$ \leadsto Jones polynomial
(V_n : $(n+1)$ -dim. irrep.) (colored Jones polynomial)

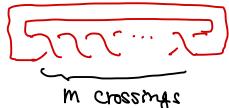
the Kauffman bracket skein relation

$$\begin{aligned} X &= g \square + g^{-1} \square \\ O &= -(g^2 + g^{-2}) \square \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e.g. } \textcircled{2} &= g \textcircled{3} + g^{-1} \textcircled{3} \\ &= \dots \\ &= \text{"Jones polynomial"} \\ &\quad \text{of } \textcircled{2} \end{aligned}$$

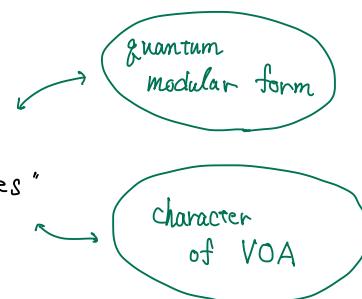
- tail of K : $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} J_{g,K}(n) = "g\text{-series"} \in \mathbb{Z}[[g]]$
 $\text{J}_{g,V_n}(K)$

e.g. $K = T(2,m) \rightsquigarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} J_{g,T(2,m)}(n) = \text{"(false) theta series"}$



\rightsquigarrow higher-rank $g = sl_3, sp_4, \mathfrak{g}_2$ (rank 2)

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} J_{g,K}(V_n) = \text{"higher version of (false) theta series"}$



- Skein algebra (Σ : a surface)

$$\mathbb{Z}_q \{ \text{knots in } \Sigma \times [0,1] \} \xrightarrow{\text{skein relation}} \mathcal{S}_{g,\Sigma}^q$$

$K_1, K_2 = \begin{array}{c} \Sigma \times [0,1] \\ \hline K_1 \quad K_2 \\ \Sigma \times \{t_0\} \end{array}$

$$K_1 \cdot K_2 = \textcircled{K_1} \cdot \textcircled{K_2} = \textcircled{K_1, K_2}$$

$$K, K_2 = \textcircled{K} \textcircled{K_2} = g \textcircled{K} + g^{-1} \textcircled{K}$$

Σ : annulus

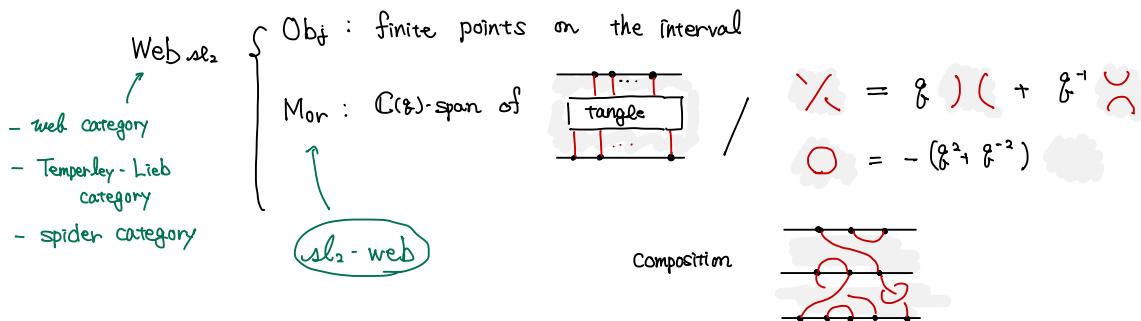
$$\mathcal{S}_{g,\Sigma}^q = \mathbb{Z}_q \{ \textcircled{O} \} \cong \mathbb{Z}_q [X]$$

$\rightsquigarrow \Sigma$: a marked surface : $\mathcal{S}_{g,\Sigma}^q \longleftrightarrow \mathcal{A}_{g,\Sigma}^q$: quantum cluster algebra

§ 2 skein relations

① Web category

$\boxed{g = sl_2}$: the Kauffman bracket skein relation



$$\text{Web}_{sl_2}(\emptyset, n\text{-points}) \cong \text{Inv}_{V_{sl_2}}(V_1 \otimes \dots \otimes V_n) \cong \text{Hom}_{V_{sl_2}}(\mathbb{C}_g, V_1 \otimes \dots \otimes V_n) \quad \text{e.g. } \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} : \mathbb{C}(g) \rightarrow V_i = \mathbb{C}v_i \oplus \mathbb{C}v_i \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ \mapsto \\ v_i \otimes v_i - g^{-1}v_i \otimes v_i \end{matrix}$$

\exists diagrammatic basis $\leftrightarrow \{ \text{non-crossing matchings} \} =: \text{BWeb}_{sl_2}(n)$

e.g. $n=6$

$$\text{BWeb}_{sl_2}(6) = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right\}$$

- Jones-Wenzl projectors ("internal clasp")

$$\begin{array}{c} n \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ n \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} + \frac{[n-1]}{[n]} \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} : V_i^{\otimes n} \xrightarrow{\pi_n} V_n \hookrightarrow V_i^{\otimes n}$$

↑ g -sym. power
in $V^{\otimes n}$

② clasped web category ($\tilde{g} = sl_2$)

$\widetilde{\text{Web}}_{sl_2}$

Obj : (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k) ($\mu \vdash n$)

Mor : morphisms of Web_{sl_2} + skein relation at "external clasp"

[Kuperberg '96] $\widetilde{\text{Web}}(\emptyset, (n_1, \dots, n_k)) \cong \text{Inv}_{V_{sl_2}}(V_{n_1} \otimes V_{n_2} \otimes \dots \otimes V_{n_k}) = \text{Hom}(\mathbb{C}_g, V_{n_1} \otimes \dots \otimes V_{n_k})$

\exists basis : $\text{B}\widetilde{\text{Web}}(n_1, \dots, n_k) = \{ \text{non-crossing matchings} \} / \{ \text{---} \}$

④ rank 2 case [Kuperberg '96]

sl_3

- Web_{sl_3} { Objects : sequence of $\{+, -\}$
 - ↓ downward
 - ↑ upward
}

sl_3 -web = oriented uni-trivalent graphs with crossings

s.t.

skein relation :

$$[Kuperberg '96] \quad Web_{sl_3}(\emptyset, \varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \dots, \varepsilon_n) \cong \text{Inv}_{U_{sl_3}}(V_{\varepsilon_1} \otimes \dots \otimes V_{\varepsilon_n}) \quad (V_+ = V_{\omega_1}, V_- = V_{\omega_2} \cong V_{\omega_1}^*)$$

U

$$BWeb_{sl_3}(\varepsilon_1, \dots, \varepsilon_n) = \{ \text{non-elliptic } sl_3\text{-webs} \}$$

↳ elliptic faces:

- \widetilde{Web}_{sl_3} { Obj : (s_1, s_2, \dots, s_k) s_i : a sequence of $\{+, -\}$

More : sl_3 -web + skein relation at "external clasps"

[Frohman-Sikora '21, Ichibashi-Y. '22]

s_i : a multiset on $\{+, -\}$

$$\begin{array}{c} K \\ \hline + - \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \uparrow \\ \hline - + \end{array}$$

$$\widetilde{Web}_{sl_3}(\emptyset, (s_1, s_2, \dots, s_k)) \cong \text{Inv}_{U_{sl_3}(s)}(V_{s_1} \otimes \dots \otimes V_{s_k}) \quad V_s := V_{a\omega_1 + b\omega_2}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a := \# \text{ of } + \text{ in } s \\ b := \# \text{ of } - \text{ in } s \end{pmatrix}$$

- sp_4
- Web_{sp_4} { Obj : a sequence of $\{1, 2\}$

sp_4 -web :

skein relation :

$$[Kuperberg '96] \quad Web_{sp_4}(\emptyset, \varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \dots, \varepsilon_n) = \text{Inv}_{U_{sp_4}}(V_{\varepsilon_1} \otimes \dots \otimes V_{\varepsilon_n}) \quad \begin{cases} V_1 = V_{\omega_1} : 4\text{-dim irrep} \\ V_2 = V_{\omega_2} : 5\text{-dim irrep} \end{cases}$$

U

$$BWeb_{sp_4}(\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \dots, \varepsilon_n) = \{ \text{non-elliptic "crossroad" webs} \}$$

↳ elliptic faces: replace all X with

etc

$$X := X - \frac{1}{2} O = X - \frac{1}{2} () ($$

↳ crossroad

c.f. [Bodish '22]
 $Web_{sp_4}^{\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2}$ $\longrightarrow U_{\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2}(-sp_4)\text{-mod}$ (c.f. Elias gln)

monoidal equivalence

- skein relation at "external clasps" [Ishibashi - Y. '22+]

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = \frac{1}{[2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0$$

$\text{Web}_{\mathfrak{g}_2}$ { Obj : a sequence of {1, 2}}

$$\mathfrak{g}_2\text{-web} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}$$

$$\text{skein rel. } \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = \frac{[2][7][2]}{[4][6]}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = \frac{[7][8][5]}{[3][4][5]}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0$$

$$[\text{Sakamoto} - \text{Yonezawa '17}] \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = - \frac{[3][2]}{[2][4]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = - [2] \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = - \frac{[4][6][8]}{[3][4][2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} = \frac{[6]}{[2]^2} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} = - \frac{[3]}{[2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} = - \frac{[4][6][8]}{[3][4][2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} = - \frac{[4][6]}{[2]} (\nu - \nu')$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \frac{[3]}{[2]^2} (\text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram}) - \frac{[4]}{[2]^2} (\text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram}), \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \frac{1}{[2]} (\text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram})$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \frac{1}{[2]} \left(\text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} \right) - \frac{1}{[2]^2} \left(\text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \frac{[4][6]}{[2]^2[12]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} + \frac{1}{[2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} - \frac{1}{[2]} (\text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram})$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \frac{\delta^3}{[2]} (\text{Diagram} + \frac{\delta^{-3}}{[2]} \text{Diagram} + \delta \text{Diagram} + \delta^{-1} \text{Diagram})$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \delta^3 \text{Diagram} + \delta^{-3} \text{Diagram} + \text{Diagram}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{X} \end{array} = \delta^6 \text{Diagram} + \delta^{-6} \text{Diagram} + \delta^3 \text{Diagram} + \delta^{-3} \text{Diagram} + 2 \text{Diagram}$$

$$[\text{Kuperberg '96 (?)}] \quad \text{Web}_{\mathfrak{g}_2}(\emptyset, \varepsilon, \varepsilon, \dots, \varepsilon_n) = \bigcup_{\text{U}} \text{Inv}_{V_\theta(\mathfrak{g}_2)}(V_\varepsilon \otimes \dots \otimes V_{\varepsilon_n}) \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} V_1 = V_{\omega_1} : 7\text{-dim irrep} \\ V_2 = V_{\omega_2} : 14\text{-dim irrep} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\text{BWeb}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4}(\varepsilon, \varepsilon, \dots, \varepsilon_n) = \{ \text{non-elliptic no internal } \parallel \text{ webs} \}$$

/

[Sikora-Westbury '07]

- skein relation at "external clasps"

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = \frac{1}{[2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array}, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{H} \end{array} = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} = \frac{1}{[2]} \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{Y} \end{array} \quad \leftarrow \dim(\text{Hom}(V_{\omega_1}^{\otimes 3}, V_{\omega_1 + \omega_2})) = 2$$

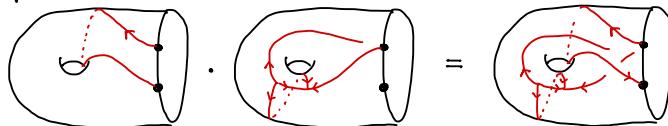
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0, \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram} \\ \text{O} \end{array} = 0$$

§ Skein & Cluster algebra.

① skein algebra of marked surface $\Sigma =$

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{skein}, \Sigma}^{\delta} = R \left\{ \text{g-webs on } \Sigma \right\} / \begin{array}{l} \text{skein relation in } \Sigma \setminus \partial \Sigma \\ \text{"skein relation at marked points"} \end{array}$$

• multiplication



• "marked points" \leftrightarrow "external clasps" \rightsquigarrow • external clasps define skein relation at marked points



② (quantum) cluster algebra of Σ

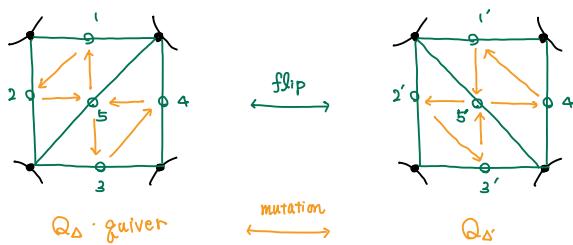


$\text{Tri}(\Sigma)$: the set of ideal triangulation of Σ

Remark $\forall \Delta, \Delta' \in \text{Tri}(\Sigma)$ Δ is related to Δ' by flips



$\mathcal{A}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} := \bigsqcup_{\Delta \in \text{Tri}(\Sigma)} \mathbb{T}_{\Delta}^{\delta}$ / "exchange relation" : the quantum cluster algebra of Σ



$\mathbb{T}_{\Delta}^{\delta} := \langle \{A_i \mid i \in Q_{\Delta}\} \rangle$ cluster
 $\begin{cases} A_5 A_5' = A_2 A_4 + A_1 A_3 \\ A_i = A_{i'} \quad (i \neq 5) \end{cases}$ exchange relation
 $i \in \text{boundary arc}$ A_i : invertible (frozen variable)

$$\text{in } \mathcal{S}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} = g + g^{-1}$$

[Muller 2016]

- $\mathcal{A}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} \subset \mathcal{S}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} [\delta'] \subset \mathcal{U}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} \subset \text{Frac } \mathcal{S}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta}$
 $\text{localization at } \delta\text{-arcs}$ $\text{upper cluster algebra}$
 $\mathcal{U}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} = \mathcal{O}(A_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta})$
- $\mathcal{A}^{\delta} = \mathcal{U}^{\delta}$ (acyclic exchange type)

$$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{A}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} = \mathcal{S}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta} [\delta'] = \mathcal{U}_{\text{slc}, \Sigma}^{\delta}$$

④ Main results

$$[\text{Ishibashi - Y. 2023}] \quad \mathcal{S}_{\mathfrak{sl}_3, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} [\partial'] \subset \mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{sl}_3, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \subset \text{Frac } \mathcal{S}_{\mathfrak{sl}_3, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2}$$

(c.f. [Fomin - Pylyavskyy '16])

$$[\text{I - Y. 2022+}] \quad \mathcal{S}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} [\partial'] \subset \mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \subset \text{Frac } \mathcal{S}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2}$$

$\cap \mathbb{Z}_2\text{-subalgebra}$

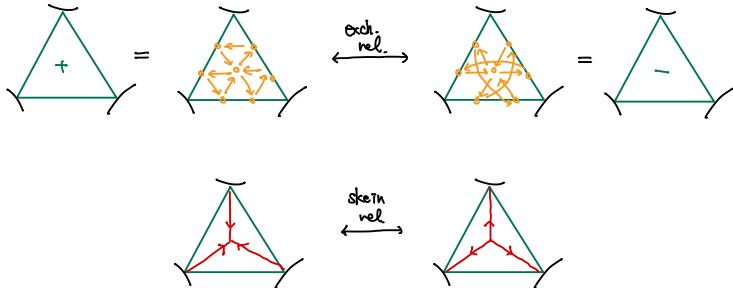
$$\mathcal{S}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} [\partial']$$

$$[\text{I-Y. in progress}] \quad \mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{g}_2, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \subset \text{Frac } \mathcal{S}_{\mathfrak{g}_2, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2}$$

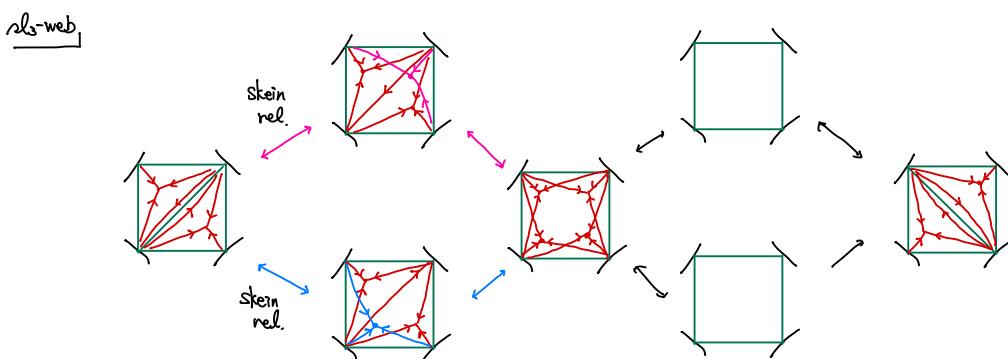
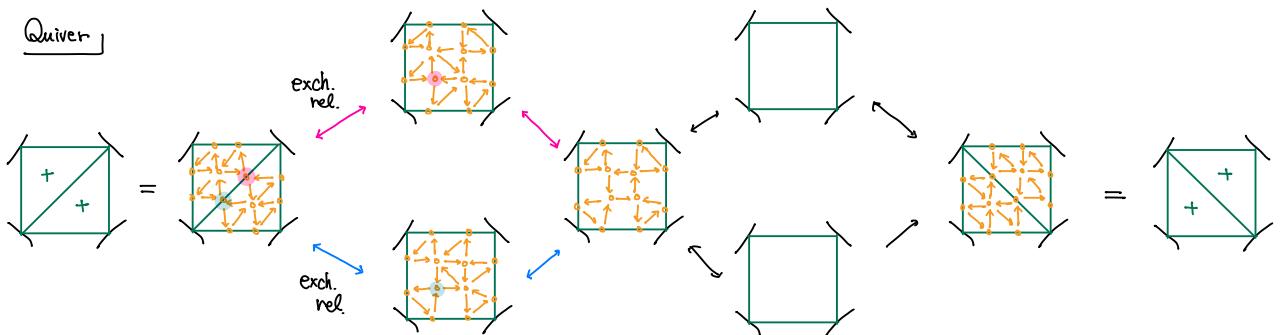
⑤ Difficulty for higher-rank case

$\text{Tri}_{\mathfrak{sl}_3}(\Sigma) \ni \Delta$: decorated ideal triangulation

- switch of decoration



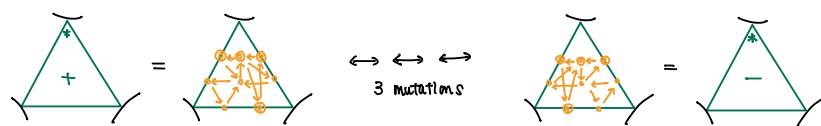
- Construction of flip as \mathfrak{sl}_3 -webs.



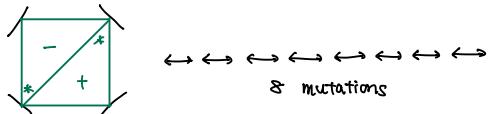
- Expand any \mathfrak{sl}_3 -webs as a polynomial of known cluster variables

(\mathfrak{sp}_4 -case)

- decoration



- flip.



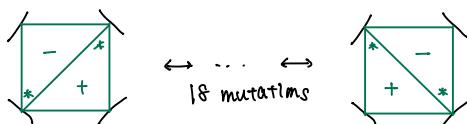
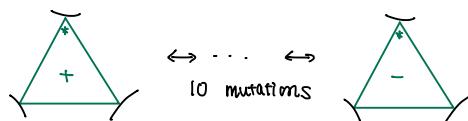
* $\mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}} : \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} [\mathbb{1}_{[2]}] - \text{algebra}$

$\mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} : \mathbb{Z}_2 - \text{algebra}$

related to Lusztig's integer form?

→ Define \mathbb{Z}_2 -subalgebra $\mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2}$ of $\mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{sp}_4, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}}$

(\mathfrak{g}_2 -case)



§ Conjectures, other works,

Conjecture. • $\mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{g}, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}} = \mathcal{A}_{\mathfrak{g}, \Sigma}^{\mathbb{Z}_2} [\partial^\perp]$ for $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_3, \mathfrak{sp}_4, \mathfrak{g}_2$

($\mathfrak{g}=1$ is OK for $\mathfrak{sl}_3, \mathfrak{sp}_4$
via $\mathcal{A}=\mathcal{U}$ theorem in [Ishibashi - Oya - Shen '23])

• $\{\text{cluster variables}\} = \{\text{tree-type webs}\}$

e.g. \mathfrak{sp}_4



is a cluster variable

Problem. • Construct positive basis (*c.f. [Mandel - Qin '23+] $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_2$*
theta basis = bracelet basis)

Other work [Ishibashi - Kano - Y. '24+] $\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_2$

the skein algebra of a "walled surface"

\cong the quantum cluster algebra with coefficients

